

Probably Rain Tonight.  
Monday Fair, Colder.

# The Washington Times

Sunday Evening  
EDITION

NUMBER 7003.

Yesterday's Circulation, 51,622

WASHINGTON, SUNDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 26, 1911.

Twenty Pages

PRICE ONE CENT.

## ROBBED IN SHADOW OF POLICE OFFICE BY MASKED MEN

Daring Hold-Up Occurs  
Near the Municipal  
Building.

### VICTIM IS RELIEVED OF HIS POCKETBOOK

A. G. Fortier, Clerk in Interstate  
Commerce Commission, Loses  
\$7 to Highwaymen.

Two masked men held up and robbed Alexander G. Fortier, a clerk in the Interstate Commerce Commission, this morning about 5:30 o'clock at the corner of Fourteenth and D streets northwest. Fortier lives at 1304 L street northwest. The robbers got a purse containing \$7.

In the history of the Police Department of the District no bolder highway robbery ever occurred, according to members of the force. The hold-up occurred on the northeast corner of the intersection of the two streets directly under a brilliant double electric light.

Near Police Headquarters.

It was within a few feet of one of the entrances to the District Building and where a row of windows in the offices of police headquarters look out upon the spot.

Captain Hollenberger, of the First precinct station, immediately detailed six detectives to work on the case, and shortly after 8 o'clock a negro who gave the name of Thomas Miner was arrested.

Fortier, who is an elderly man, was not injured, but he is suffering from shock, and is confined to his bed. He will not be able to go to the first precinct to attempt an identification of the prisoner held there until this evening or tomorrow morning. Fortier made the report of the robbery to Lieutenant Hartley, night head of the central detective office.

He said he was walking north on Fourteenth street and had reached the block on which the District Building stands when two men, whom he thinks were negroes, jumped out upon him from the shadow of the structure. Each had a handkerchief tied about the neck and lower part of the face. Their hands were pulled low over their foreheads, and it was difficult for Fortier to tell whether one was a white man or a very light colored man. The other was very dark and easily distinguished as a negro.

Took Only His Pocketbook.

Without a word to Fortier one of the robbers grasped him around the waist from behind, pinning the victim's arms to his sides. The other rapidly searched Fortier's pockets. He took only the pocketbook, leaving a gold watch and some small change in another pocket. Without a word the men, as soon as the purse was taken from an inner coat pocket, released Fortier and ran east on D street, turning the corner into Thirteenth and going south.

Fortier went immediately to Lieutenant Hartley and later to his home.

The prisoner at the first precinct is a light-skinned colored man. The police say he has been unable to give an account of where he was at the time of the robbery, and that he has not even told where he lives.

## House to Collect For Public Printer

For the first time, the House has found it necessary to establish itself as a collecting agency for the Government Printing Office.

Certain members, it appears, after obtaining "leave to print" are prone to send down lengthy speeches, which were never delivered upon the floor, to the Government Printing Office, which is instructed to run out several thousand copies. These are carried away by the member and sent "back home," where a proud constituency marvels at the manner in which their chosen representative has defied the opposition, throttled the trusts, and pleaded for the people in Washington.

When the Public Printer sends around his bill, however, it appears that a few of the members replace it in some way and the days go by with the bill unpaid. It is an open secret about the Capitol that one member owes the big primary \$47 for speeches which he had distributed before the November campaign.

The House, noting such abuses of the printing privilege, quietly approved an amendment to the sundry civil bill which provides that whenever a member fails to pay his bills at the Government Printing Office, the amount may be deducted from that member's monthly salary.

"Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the Record."

The House Collecting Agency is now on the job.

## WEATHER REPORT.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.  
Unsettled and warmer probably with light rain tonight. Monday fair and colder.

TEMPERATURE.  
9 a. m. .... 57  
11 a. m. .... 58  
1 p. m. .... 63  
3 p. m. .... 62  
5 p. m. .... 62  
7 p. m. .... 62

TIDE TABLE.  
Today—High tide, 6:19 a. m. and 6:19 p. m.; low tide, 12:39 a. m. and 12:38 p. m.  
Tomorrow—High tide, 7:06 a. m. and 7:15 p. m.; low tide, 1:15 a. m. and 1:24 p. m.

SUN TABLE.  
Sun rises ..... 6:30 Sun sets ..... 5:49

## Boy Robber Chief in Barn Holds Police at Bay

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—Standing guard over his sleeping followers, Russell Cooley, an eleven-year-old robber chief faced a squad of police in a barn in which he had been cornered.

It was not until the boy, armed with a revolver and well supplied with cartridges showed signs of weakening that the police were ready to enter the dark fortress and take the robber band.

At the police station the boys—five of them—supplied with chisels, confessed to having entered many homes and stolen about \$2,000 in property besides having damaged about \$4,000 in homes they entered.

## SOLDIER KILLS SELF AT ST. ELIZABETH'S

Theobald Love Dashes Head  
Through Window and  
Cuts His Throat.

Theobald Love, a former soldier in the United States army, died of a self-inflicted wound in the dispensary building of the Government Hospital for the Insane today at 10 o'clock.

Love plunged his head through a glass window about 9:30 o'clock last night when an attendant was in another part of the room. As the man drew his head back into the room he tore a jagged piece of glass from the window and thrust it into his jugular vein.

The former soldier was thirty-four years old. He had bought his discharge from the army a year or two ago, and was sent to the Government Asylum January 28 last. He had been confined to his bed since going there and shared a large dormitory room with several other patients.

Just before the lights were to be turned off last night he asked the attendant to get him a glass of water. The attendant went to the cooler about five yards away and Love suddenly jumped from his bed and dashed his head through the window.

Immediately the room was in an uproar and it was necessary for the guards stationed in the hall outside the door to rush in and restrain the frightened patients.

Dr. George H. Schwin, of the asylum staff, today telegraphed to Love's relatives and friends that his death could not be made until they are heard from.

## Canal Protection Finally Assured

Fortification of the Panama canal has been settled by the House, and today it is assured, rather than neutralization.

Three millions of dollars are immediately available to begin the work.

The House, by an overwhelming vote last night, stood by the Administration's fortification plan, and on a roll call disapproved of neutralization, 123 to 81. The Senate is understood to be 2 to 1 for fortification.

This item was the last in the sundry civil bill, which passed the House last night after the fortifications issue, which occupied nearly seven hours of spirited debate, had been decided. The bill, carrying \$10,000,000, passed substantially as it came from the committee.

An appropriation of \$35,000 for installing an air-cooling plant in the House chamber, which passed the House last night, but the House retained the appropriation for an electric car line in the subway between the House office building and the Capitol. The cars will be of the monorail type.

It is expected that the Senate will pass the item for funding the House chamber, in which the Democrats will be quite comfortably fixed if an extra session is called for the hot summer months.

## Attack Madero Eighty Miles South of El Paso

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 26.—Real fighting this morning has evidently succeeded the weeks of guerrilla tactics in the Mexican rebellion, the battle being waged at Ahumada, eighty miles south of here.

"The battle has commenced," is the report which has reached El Paso this morning, but with the wires all down in that section, the only other information is the disposition of the opposing forces.

Gen. Francisco Madero, leader of the rebellion, who reached El Paso this morning from Ahumada, claimed that Madero had now 2,000 men with him, and was willing to engage in battle.

Five hundred federal troops from Juarez disintegrated yesterday at Laredo, sixty-nine miles south of here, with the intention of assaulting Madero's position at Ahumada today.

Other federal troops are reported marching toward Ahumada, from Chihuahua and Casas Grandes, with the intention of pinning Madero up and fighting him on three sides at once.

In preparation for the expected battle, the forces of Madero had made things as uncomfortable as possible for the oncoming federal troops. Telegraph wires were pulled down, so that there is no station working below Samalayuca, thirty-two miles south of here, the railroads were blocked and all bridges burned.

## Overcome on Street With Heart Disease

William Woodward, who says he is employed at the Pimlico race track, is at the Casualty Hospital suffering from exhaustion. Woodward, who is nineteen years old, gives his address as 621 Baltimore street, Baltimore. He was found at Fifteenth and H streets northeast suffering from an attack of heart disease shortly before 1 o'clock this morning.

## DEATH TO CANADIAN PACT TO BE SLOGAN FOR EXTRA SESSION

High Tariff Senators Fear  
Uprising of Farmers If  
Reciprocity Passes.

### CONGESTION IN UPPER HOUSE UNPARALLELED

Disposition of Members Is to Let  
"Money Bills" Go Over  
Until April 4.

By JOHN SNURE.

With one week remaining before the close of the final session of the Sixty-first Congress, Senators and Representatives are looking forward alike to a strenuous finish of what has been a stormy and historic Congress, and to the probable beginning of a stormy extra session to follow.

Here and there, one can find a member of the Senate or House who still believes there will be no extra session, but, generally speaking, the belief prevails through Congressional circles today that an extra session is a certainty.

### No Signs of Reciprocity Vote.

A vote by the Senate on the reciprocity agreement would prevent an extra session, but nothing has thus far shaped up which points to a vote.

On the contrary, various Senators, some opposed to the agreement and some in favor of it, expressed the belief last night and today that there was no likelihood of a vote on reciprocity. And if there is no vote, President Taft will call an extra session and the case is closed.

On the other hand, some Senators, some opposed to the agreement and some in favor of it, expressed the belief last night and today that there was no likelihood of a vote on reciprocity. And if there is no vote, President Taft will call an extra session and the case is closed.

The President has consented to this date, about two weeks later than he expected to convene Congress, because the Democrats have told him they need a week's time to prepare for the session, to organize the committee and to get the preliminary work of tariff revision under way.

Taft Must Stand Pat.

President Taft is fixed in his determination to call an extra session if there is no vote on Canadian reciprocity. The talk heard at first that he would back down has largely died away. The President has gone so far in the matter that it is pretty generally conceded he cannot do otherwise than call an extra session.

At the same time, the tremendous pressure on the President, which it was predicted, would be brought to prevent him from calling an extra session, and on the Senate to get it to take a vote, is now in evidence. Big business interests have taken fright at the notion of a special session which will be occupied chiefly with tariff revision. They fear such a session will lead to a long period of business unrest. Wall Street is alarmed. The word is coming to Washington that Wall Street wants no special session and Senators are being implored to do something to head the threatened extra session off.

Would Kill Treaty.

The great protected interests of the country are at once hostile to the reciprocity agreement and fearful of an extra session. They would like to have an extra session avoided, and what they prefer is to have the Senate at once vote the reciprocity agreement down.

A movement was started in the Senate yesterday to reach an agreement to defeat the reciprocity compact. This movement so far has not materialized. The friends of the compact would doubtless be able to head off a vote in the Senate if they saw one was being hurried for the purpose of killing the agreement.

As much as they dislike an extra session, the high protected interests prefer to take their chances of killing the reciprocity agreement at a special session than to have it voted on now and carried. The indications are the agreement would be adopted now if submitted to a vote.

In this situation, the best plan in sight, from the viewpoint of the high tariff Senators, is to force the matter over to an extra session, hoping in the meantime to create enough sentiment to defeat the agreement. This is the plan favored by Senator Hale, and a number of the high tariff Senators who are taking the same stand as he.

McCumber Gave Keynote.

The speech of Senator McCumber yesterday was representative of the position of the high tariff element in the Senate. It is that the reciprocity agreement would mark the beginning of the end of the present system of high duties, that if the farmers lose their protection, they will turn against the duties on manufactured products. In other words, the high tariff element in the Senate believes that this country is threatened with exactly what happened in England when in the early 40's the corn laws were passed and the agriculturists then turned their influence against protection for other industries.

Should a determined effort be made to force a vote in the Senate on the reciprocity agreement this week, it will devolve on Senators Hale, Nelson, McCumber, and a number of the insurgents to prevent a vote. Senator La Follette is expected to fight off a hurried vote.

Senator Cummins says he does not seek to delay a vote on the agreement but he will object to rushing the measure through until the amendments he will offer have been considered. These are amendments putting various imports

(Continued on Second Page.)

## Speakers Who Urged Increase of Pay for Clerks at Meeting

REPRESENTATIVE H. A. COOPER,  
Of Wisconsin.

FULTON R. GORDON,  
Who Arranged Meeting.



## MRS. DR. GILCRIST SERIOUSLY BURNED

Trips Over Pet Cat While  
Carrying Lighted  
Gas Stove.

Falling to the floor when a cat ran under her feet as she was carrying a small lighted gas stove in her kitchen shortly before noon today, Mrs. Lula B. Gilchrist, wife of Dr. E. Y. Gilchrist, of 303 Seventh street northeast, was so badly burned she may die.

The physician's wife is at the Casualty Hospital unconscious. Her heavy hair was almost burned off by the flames, and her body and legs are a mass of burns.

Dr. Gilchrist called in several other physicians as soon as his wife reached Casualty Hospital, and the staff physicians are working with the others in an attempt to save the woman's life. It is feared she inhaled some of the flame.

Dr. Gilchrist, who was at one time resident physician at Casualty Hospital, but is now employed in one of the Government departments, was badly burned about the hands and arms when he folded his coat about his wife's burning dress.

Mrs. Gilchrist was heating plates that are used in a fireless cooker on a small gas stove. She had placed the heated plates in the cooker, and was moving the lighted stove to another table, when the pet cat ran in front of her. She tripped and fell on top of the stove. Her hair first caught, and she fell, attracted her husband from the front room.

As he entered the room in which the accident occurred he saw his wife attempt to get up. He grabbed a coat that was hanging near by, and wrapped it about her, smothering the flames. Neighbors who had hurried into the house, telephoned for the Casualty Hospital ambulance.

Mrs. Gilchrist is twenty-three years old, and has been married but a short time.

## Former Governor of Maryland Is Sinking

John Lee Carroll, former governor of Maryland, is believed by his family to be dying today. Ill for many days at his home here, 4501 Eighteenth street, the aged Marylander's condition became critical this morning.

At the house it was said that he is steadily sinking. Little hope is entertained for his recovery, and his physicians and relatives regard the present change for the worse with much apprehension.

## Nurse Accused of Larceny of \$6,157

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—In the arrest yesterday of Amelia M. Leonard, a Scotch woman, claiming to be twenty-six years old, but looking over thirty, and who says she is a trained nurse, detection says she is a trained nurse, detection says she is a trained nurse.

According to the police they recovered a ruby and diamond ring valued at \$3,000, a gun metal chain set with pearls valued at \$500, a seal leather bag, pawn ticket for a diamond ring on which \$75 had been secured, and the receipts for and keys to a trunk in storage, all of which, it is claimed, belonged to Miss Leonard.

Specifically, the nurse, is charged with the larceny of goods to the value of \$6,157.50. Until the police take possession of the stored trunk and relatives of Miss Leonard are enabled to examine its contents, it will not be known how much of the missing property it contains.

Miss Leonard is in jail and will be arraigned in the municipal criminal court tomorrow morning.



REPRESENTATIVE C. R. DAVIS,  
Of Minnesota.



REPRESENTATIVE W. S. BENNET,  
Of New York.

## CLERKS AT RALLY SET AFOOT GREAT WAGE CAMPAIGN

Five Thousand Workers at Meeting Enthusiastically Accept Plans to Carry Fight to Voters.

Never before has this city witnessed such a demonstration as that which took place last night in Convention Hall, when 5,000 Government clerks took up the cry of "efficiency of service and sufficiency of pay," and sent it along with their appeal to Congress for fairer treatment of the civil employees of the country.

Only long suffering men and women could respond as did these thousands to every suggestion advanced in their behalf. Only men and women who feel that they are worthy of a squarer deal at the hands of their employer would have protested as did this multitude last night.

It was the first mass-meeting of Government clerks ever held for the purpose of advancing their own interests. This meeting had no other object. It was called to show Congress that higher salaries for the civil employees was not a matter of favor, but a matter of justice. This the meeting demonstrated and went no further.

## HISTORY OF THE MOVEMENT.

Three weeks ago the idea of assembling these people together occurred to some of their influential friends throughout the city. Now seemed an appropriate time to impress the lawmakers and the country with the unfairness of the present system and low scale of salaries paid.

Fulton R. Gordon, a business man of Washington, volunteered to take the leadership of the movement. At once he announced that he would take up the fight, if supported by others, and the call went forth to the people whose interests were to be served.

The vast auditorium had scarcely a vacant seat in it when the first speakers were led out on the platform. The crowd began to assemble long before the hour. By 7:30 o'clock more than half the seats were taken and from that time on until 8:30 the stream poured into the buildings.

They came from every quarter of the city. Not a department of the Government, not a bureau or a division or a subdivision in all the District that was not represented. Then, too, the employees of the District government were on hand. They are not under the civil service, but they are a part of the Government's great working force and they were cordially welcomed.

Representative Gathering.

It was, indeed, a splendid and representative gathering of Washington people, the persons that make the city go, that earn the money by which the remainder of the citizens prosper, the persons that make the machinery of the Government.

Just as, foreseen by the clerks' best friends, results of far-reaching effect followed the co-operation and the encouragement which they gave. A move-

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

## THIEVES ON LINER STEAL JEWELRY WORTH \$130,000

Victim Is Mrs. Madwin  
Drummond, Former Wife  
of Marshall Field.

### TAKEN FROM ROOM ON THE AMERIKA

Passenger Wore Gems Suspended  
From Neck In Bag Until  
Last Night.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 26.—Pearls and diamonds, valued at \$130,000, were mysteriously stolen from the stateroom of Mrs. Madwin Drummond, who arrived in this city on the steamship Amerika this afternoon.

The stolen jewels consisted of three strings of white and black pearls carefully matched by Cotoer, the famous jeweler of Paris; three diamond rings, diamond earrings and a diamond brooch.

Mrs. Drummond, who before her marriage was the wife of Marshall Field, of Chicago, had worn this fortune in jewels in a little black bag suspended round her neck all through the voyage until last night. Placed in Bureau Drawer.

"I found," she said to a Munsey News Service reporter, "that the jewels were irritating me and last night on retiring I took them off and put them in a drawer in a bureau in my stateroom. I then went to bed, but did not lock my door, as I object to being locked in. When I awoke this morning I did not look for the jewels until about 10 o'clock. I then found they were gone. I notified the captain at once and he sent a wireless message to the New York Detective bureau."

No One Suspected.

It was impossible to even suggest who the thief could be. Mrs. Drummond herself had not the slightest suspicion.

"I am sure," she said, "that no one knew I had the gems with me outside of my own family. It is barely possible that on the evenings that I appeared in evening dress the little black bag might have been visible as I wore it at those times in my corner."

Mrs. Drummond occupied stateroom 158. Her maid was in No. 170, her husband in 178, and his valet in 180. There was only one other passenger in the section including these staterooms.

## Cardinal Gibbons at Mobile Bicentennial

MOBILE, Ala., Feb. 26.—Cardinal Gibbons said this morning that this morning at the bicentennial celebration of the founding of Mobile, Archbishop Gibbons, of New Orleans, and thirty other dignitaries of the church also took part.

Although greatly fatigued from his trip from Baltimore, the cardinal was in excellent health when he arrived here. He was met at the station by Archbishop Blenk and a delegation of priests. Early tomorrow morning Cardinal Gibbons will leave for New Orleans, where he will visit his brother, John T. Gibbons, a grain dealer and wealthy citizen. The Catholics of New Orleans will tender him a great public reception Monday night. The prelate's visit to New Orleans is purely a personal one. He will be in that city for the two main days of Mardi Gras festivities.

## President At Church, Takes Automobile Ride

Attracted by the fine weather President Taft and a large congregation attended the services at All Souls' Church, Fourteenth and I streets northwest, this morning. When the President arrived a little after 11 o'clock he found a considerable crowd awaiting his coming.

The President attended church in his automobile before returning to the White House.

## Deadlock in New York Still Shows No Change

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The Senatorial seat now occupied by Chauncey Depew will be vacant for a year after March 4 is stated today by Senator Franklin T. Roosevelt, leader of the insurgents in the Legislature. There was no change in the deadlock by the balloting yesterday. Sheehan having five, Schuchman two, Littleton one, and Hopper one, and no quorum being declared.

## Suicide in Baltimore Was a New Haven Man

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 26.—An unknown man who committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas in a Baltimore boarding house is today believed to be Eugene Baldwin, about forty years old, who was employed as a bookkeeper in a West Haven foundry from August, 1910, to January, 1911. Dispatches from Baltimore state that the mark of a New Haven tailor was on his clothing. The Baldwin who worked here came from Meshoppen, Pa. He was found dead yesterday.